	CAPI	F 160 -	DELII	BERATE	RIS	K ASSESSMEN	T W	ORKSH	EET	
1. ACTIVITY							2. DATE (DD/MM/YYYY)			
3. PREPARED BY										
a. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial) b. Rank						(c. Duty Title/Position			
d. Unit e.			e. En	. Email			f	f. Telephone		
g. Signature of Prepare	er		ı							
Five steps of Risk Man	agement:									
Identify the hazard	ls => Assess	the Risks	=> De	velop Cont	rols &	Make Decisions => I	mplei	ment Contr	ols => Supervise and	Evaluate
4. SUB- ACTIVITY, TASK, SOURCE				6. INITIAL RISK		7. CONTROLS		8. HOW TO IMPLEMENT / WHO WILL IMPLEMENT		9. RESIDUAL RISK
Example: Food service, food storage Example: Food spoilage; food poisoning		food	Example: Severity = Moderate; Likelihood Likely. Initi Risk = M	repi	mple: Coolers with ice, lenished daily for food rage		initial purch bags) ice; p daily ice che coolers are		Example: Resulting Likelihood = Seldom. Residual Risk = L	
			See matrix on page 3		Wh		Who: SM (Name or Role)		See matrix on page 3	
								How:		
								Who:		-
								How:		
							Who:		1	
								How:		
							Who:		1	
		ADDITIO	ONAL SP	PACES FOR	ITEMS	4 THROUGH 9 PROVID	DED O	N PAGE 2		
10. HIGHEST RESIDUA	L RISK LEVEL -	- (Select th	e highes	st risk level	value i	n Column 9, with all co	ontrols	s implemen	ted):	
EXTREMELY HIGH HIGH			HIGH	ЭH		MEDIUM		·	LOW	
NOTE: A	LL RESIDU	AL RISI	KS AS	SESSED	AS "	H" OR "EH" MU	JST	BE APPI	ROVED BY CAP/	СС
11. OVERALL SUPERV	ISION PLAN A	ND RECON	MEND	ED COURS	E OF A	CTION:				
12. APPROVAL OR D	ISAPPROVAL (OF MISSIO	N OR A	CTIVITY	API	PROVE DI	SAPP	ROVE		
a. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial) b. Rank					c. Duty	Title/Position	d. Signature of Approval Authority			ity

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CAPF 160 - DELIBERATE RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

(Use CAPF 160HL if additional space is needed)

4. SUB- ACTIVITY, TASK, SOURCE	5. HAZARD / OUTCOME	6. INITIAL RISK	7. CONTROL	8. HOW TO IMPLEMENT / WHO WILL IMPLEMENT	9. RESIDUAL RISK
				How:	
				Who:	
				How:	
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				Who:	1

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CAPF 160 - DELIBERATE RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

	Likelihood (expected frequency)						
Risk Assessment Matrix	Frequent: Continuous, regular, or inevitable occurrences	Likely: Several or numerous occurrences	Occasional: Sporadic or intermittent occurrences	Seldom: Infrequent occurrences	Unlikely: Possible occurrences but improbable		
Severity (expected consequence)	А	В	С	D	E		
Catastrophic: Death, unacceptable loss or damage, mission failure, or unit readiness eliminated		ЕН	EH	н	н	M	
Critical: Severe injury, illness, loss, or damage; significantly degraded unit readiness or mission capability		ЕН	н	н	М	L	
Moderate: Minor injury, illness, loss, or damage; somewhat degraded unit readiness or mission capability		н	М	М	L	L	
Negligible: Minimal injury, loss, or damage; little or no impact to unit readiness or mission capability		M	L	L	L	L	

Legend: EH – extremely high risk H – high risk M – medium risk L – low risk

NOTE: All residual risks identified as "H" or "EH" must be approved by CAP/CC

13. RISK ASSESSMENT REVIEW

b. Name (Last, First) c. Rank		d. Duty Title/Position	e. Signature of Reviewer		
	b. Name (Last, First)	b. Name (Last, First) c. Rank	b. Name (Last, First) c. Rank d. Duty Title/Position		

14. AFTER-ACTION FEEDBACK AND LESSONS LEARNED

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Instructions for Completing CAPF 160 - Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet						
1. Activity: Briefly describe the overall Activity for which the deliberate risk assessment is being conducted (e.g., SAREX, Wing Encampment, NCSA, etc.).	10. Highest Residual Risk After Controls Are Implemented: Determine the highest residual risk level from block 9. NOTE: Any activity with residual risk identified as "EH" or "H" must be approved by CAP/CC.					
2. Date: The date of the activity.						
3. Prepared By: Information provided by the individual conducting the risk assessment for the activity	11. Supervision Plan and Recommended Course of Action: Completed by preparer. Summarize the overall risk management plan for the Activity, including identification of individual responsible for on-going evaluation of plan and supervision of real time risk management.					
4. Sub-Activity, Task, Source: Describe each sub-activity, task, and/or source of potential damage, injury, or illness.						
Examples: Sports Activity, relay race; Food preparation and service, food storage	12. Approval/Disapproval of Activity: The leader in charge of the event (Activity Director, Commander, Incident Commander, etc.) approves or disapproves the Activity based on the overall risk assessment in Block 10.					
5. Hazard and Outcome: Describe the most likely event that could lead to an outcome (i.e. damage, injury, or illness).						
Examples: Running and falling - sprains, bruises, cuts; Food spoilage - food poisoning	13. Risk Assessment Review: For on-going activities, the approval authority (Block 12) should appoint individuals with sufficient oversight of					
6. Initial Risk: Use the Risk Assessment Matrix on page 3 to determine the likelihood and severity of damage, injury, or illness before controls are decided and implemented. Select the resulting risk level.	the activity to periodically review risk controls to determine if they are effective or if overall risk has changed. If the overall risk rises above the level already approved, operations should cease until the appropriate approval authority is contacted and approves continued operations. Signature signifies review complete and event continues as planned.					
Example: If the severity of a sprain is determined to be moderate and the likelihood is determined to be occasional before controls are implemented, the initial risk is "M"	Signature significative we complete and event continues as planned.					
7. Control: Describe or explain the risk controls and/or methods to be used to reduce the risk level associated with the hazard and outcome identified	After-Action Feedback and Lessons Learned: Provide specific input on the effectiveness of risk controls and their contribution to mission					
Example: The control for a sprain might be to mark uneven surfaces with small orange flags and brief participants on their location	success or failure. Include recommendations for new or revised controls, practical solutions, or alternate actions. Submit and brief valid lessons learned as outlined in CAPR 160-1.					
8. How to Implement / Who Will Implement: Briefly describe how each control will be implemented and the name of the individual who has primary responsibility for implementing and monitoring the risk control.						
Example: Assign surface evaluation, flag marking, and briefing to a senior member by name	Additional Guidance: Use CAPF 160HL if additional rows are needed for hazard assessments.					
9. Residual Risk Level: Using the same severity as in the initial risk assessment, use the Risk Assessment Matrix on page 3 to determine the resulting likelihood of damage, injury, or illness after controls are decided and implemented. Select the resulting risk level.						

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Example: If the resulting likelihood of a sprain is **seldom** after controls are implements, the residual risk is "L"